

# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

## F08UAF (DSBGV)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F08UAF (DSBGV) computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally, the eigenvectors of a real generalized symmetric-definite banded eigenproblem, of the form

$$Az = \lambda Bz,$$

where  $A$  and  $B$  are symmetric and banded, and  $B$  is also positive-definite.

### 2 Specification

```

SUBROUTINE F08UAF (JOBZ, UPLO, N, KA, KB, AB, LDAB, BB, LDBB, W, Z, LDZ,
1                WORK, INFO)
    INTEGER          N, KA, KB, LDAB, LDBB, LDZ, INFO
    double precision AB(LDAB,*), BB(LDBB,*), W(*), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(*)
    CHARACTER*1     JOBZ, UPLO

```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *dsbgv*.

### 3 Description

The generalized symmetric-definite band problem

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$

is first reduced to a standard band symmetric problem

$$Cx = \lambda x,$$

where  $C$  is a symmetric band matrix, using Wilkinson's modification to Crawford's algorithm (see Crawford (1973) and Wilkinson (1977)). The symmetric eigenvalue problem is then solved for the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors, if required, which are then backtransformed to the eigenvectors of the original problem.

The eigenvectors are normalized so that the matrix of eigenvectors,  $Z$ , satisfies

$$Z^T A Z = \Lambda \quad \text{and} \quad Z^T B Z = I,$$

where  $\Lambda$  is the diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues.

### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia URL: <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Crawford C R (1973) Reduction of a band-symmetric generalized eigenvalue problem *Comm. ACM* **16** 41–44

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Wilkinson J H (1977) Some recent advances in numerical linear algebra *The State of the Art in Numerical Analysis* (ed D A H Jacobs) Academic Press

## 5 Parameters

- 1: JOBZ – CHARACTER\*1 *Input*  
*On entry:* if JOBZ = 'N', compute eigenvalues only.  
 If JOBZ = 'V', compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors.  
*Constraint:* JOBZ = 'N' or 'V'.
- 2: UPLO – CHARACTER\*1 *Input*  
*On entry:* if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangles of  $A$  and  $B$  are stored.  
 If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangles of  $A$  and  $B$  are stored.
- 3: N – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrices  $A$  and  $B$ .  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .
- 4: KA – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $ka$ , the number of super-diagonals of the matrix  $A$  if UPLO = 'U', or the number of sub-diagonals if UPLO = 'L'.  
*Constraint:*  $KA \geq 0$ .
- 5: KB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $kb$ , the number of super-diagonals of the matrix  $B$  if UPLO = 'U', or the number of sub-diagonals if UPLO = 'L'.  
*Constraint:*  $KB \geq 0$ .
- 6: AB(LDAB,\*) – **double precision** array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array AB must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the symmetric band matrix  $A$ , stored in the first  $ka + 1$  rows of the array. The  $j$ th column of  $A$  is stored in the  $j$ th column of the array AB as follows:  
     if UPLO = 'U',  $AB(ka + 1 + i - j, j) = a_{ij}$  for  $\max(1, j - ka) \leq i \leq j$ ;  
     if UPLO = 'L',  $AB(1 + i - j, j) = a_{ij}$  for  $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + ka)$ .  
*On exit:* the contents of AB are destroyed.
- 7: LDAB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UAF (DSBGV) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $LDAB \geq KA + 1$ .
- 8: BB(LDBB,\*) – **double precision** array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array BB must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the symmetric band matrix  $B$ , stored in the first  $kb + 1$  rows of the array. The  $j$ th column of  $B$  is stored in the  $j$ th column of the array BB as follows:  
     if UPLO = 'U',  $BB(kb + 1 + i - j, j) = b_{ij}$  for  $\max(1, j - kb) \leq i \leq j$ ;  
     if UPLO = 'L',  $BB(1 + i - j, j) = b_{ij}$  for  $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + kb)$ .  
*On exit:* the factor  $S$  from the split Cholesky factorization  $B = S^T S$ , as returned by F08UFF (DPBSTF).

- 9: LDBB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array BB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UAF (DSBGV) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $LDBB \geq KB + 1$ .
- 10:  $W(*)$  – **double precision** array *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array W must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On exit:* if  $INFO = 0$ , the eigenvalues in ascending order.
- 11:  $Z(LDZ,*)$  – **double precision** array *Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array Z must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On exit:* if  $JOBZ = 'V'$ , then if  $INFO = 0$ , Z contains the matrix Z of eigenvectors, with the  $i$ th column of Z holding the eigenvector associated with  $W(i)$ . The eigenvectors are normalized so that  $Z^T B Z = I$ .  
 If  $JOBZ = 'N'$ , Z is not referenced.
- 12: LDZ – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array Z as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UAF (DSBGV) is called.  
*Constraints:*  
     if  $JOBZ = 'V'$ ,  $LDZ \geq \max(1, N)$ ;  
      $LDZ \geq 1$  otherwise.
- 13:  $WORK(*)$  – **double precision** array *Workspace*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array WORK must be at least  $\max(1, 3 \times N)$ .
- 14: INFO – INTEGER *Output*  
*On exit:*  $INFO = 0$  unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

$INFO < 0$

If  $INFO = -i$ , the  $i$ th argument had an illegal value.

$INFO > 0$

If  $INFO = i$  and  $i \leq N$ , the algorithm failed to converge:  $i$  off-diagonal elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

If  $INFO = i$  and  $i > N$ , if  $INFO = N + i$ , for  $1 \leq i \leq N$ , then F08UFF (DPBSTF) returned ‘ $INFO = i$ :  $B$  is not positive-definite’. The factorization of  $B$  could not be completed and no eigenvalues or eigenvectors were computed.

## 7 Accuracy

If  $B$  is ill-conditioned with respect to inversion, then the error bounds for the computed eigenvalues and vectors may be large, although when the diagonal elements of  $B$  differ widely in magnitude the eigenvalues and eigenvectors may be less sensitive than the condition of  $B$  would suggest. See Section 4.10 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for details of the error bounds.

## 8 Further Comments

The total number of floating point operations is proportional to  $n^3$  if  $JOBZ = 'V'$  and, assuming that  $n \gg k_a$ , is approximately proportional to  $n^2 k_a$  otherwise.

The complex analogue of this routine is F08UNF (ZHBGV).

## 9 Example

To find all the eigenvalues of the generalized band symmetric eigenproblem  $Az = \lambda Bz$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.24 & 0.39 & 0.42 & 0 \\ 0.39 & -0.11 & 0.79 & 0.63 \\ 0.42 & 0.79 & -0.25 & 0.48 \\ 0 & 0.63 & 0.48 & -0.03 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 2.07 & 0.95 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.95 & 1.69 & -0.29 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.29 & 0.65 & -0.33 \\ 0 & 0 & -0.33 & 1.17 \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 9.1 Program Text

**Note:** the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*      F08UAF Example Program Text
*      Mark 21.  NAG Copyright 2004.
*      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER       (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      INTEGER          NMAX, KAMAX, KBMAX
      PARAMETER       (NMAX=20,KAMAX=5,KBMAX=5)
      INTEGER          LDAB, LDBB
      PARAMETER       (LDAB=KAMAX+1,LDBB=KBMAX+1)
      CHARACTER       UPLO
      PARAMETER       (UPLO='U')
*      .. Local Scalars ..
      INTEGER          I, INFO, J, KA, KB, N
*      .. Local Arrays ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION AB(LDAB,NMAX), BB(LDBB,NMAX), DUMMY(1,1),
+      W(NMAX), WORK(3*NMAX)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL        DSBGV
*      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
      INTRINSIC       MAX, MIN
*      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F08UAF Example Program Results'
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
*      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
      READ (NIN,*) N, KA, KB
      IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. KA.LE.KAMAX .AND. KB.LE.KBMAX) THEN
*
*      Read the upper or lower triangular parts of the matrices A and
*      B from data file
*
      IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
          READ (NIN,*) ((AB(KA+1+I-J,J),J=I,MIN(N,I+KA)),I=1,N)
          READ (NIN,*) ((BB(KB+1+I-J,J),J=I,MIN(N,I+KB)),I=1,N)
      ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
          READ (NIN,*) ((AB(1+I-J,J),J=MAX(1,I-KA),I),I=1,N)
          READ (NIN,*) ((BB(1+I-J,J),J=MAX(1,I-KB),I),I=1,N)
      END IF
*

```

```

*      Solve the generalized symmetric band eigenvalue problem
*      A*x = lambda*B*x
*
+     CALL DSBGV('No vectors',UPLO,N,KA,KB,AB,LDAB,BB,LDBB,W,DUMMY,1,
                WORK,INFO)
*
*     IF (INFO.EQ.0) THEN
*
*       Print solution
*
*       WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Eigenvalues'
*       WRITE (NOUT,99999) (W(J),J=1,N)
*     ELSE IF (INFO.GT.N .AND. INFO.LE.2*N) THEN
*       I = INFO - N
*       WRITE (NOUT,99998) 'The leading minor of order ', I,
+      ' of B is not positive definite'
*     ELSE
*       WRITE (NOUT,99997) 'Failure in DSBGV. INFO =', INFO
*     END IF
*   ELSE
*     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'NMAX too small'
*   END IF
*   STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (3X,(6F11.4))
99998 FORMAT (1X,A,I4,A)
99997 FORMAT (1X,A,I4)
      END

```

## 9.2 Program Data

F08UAF Example Program Data

```

4      2      1           :Values of N, KA and KB

0.24   0.39   0.42
      -0.11   0.79   0.63
              -0.25   0.48
              -0.03   :End of matrix A

2.07   0.95
      1.69  -0.29
              0.65  -0.33
              1.17  :End of matrix B

```

## 9.3 Program Results

F08UAF Example Program Results

```

Eigenvalues
      -0.8305      -0.6401      0.0992      1.8525

```

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